

# Antimicrobial Susceptibility Report: Whanganui isolates 1 Jan – 31 Dec 2022

≥ 90% susceptible;    70-89% susceptible;    < 70% susceptible;    Number = proportion susceptible (S/I);    R = Resistant

## Gram negative isolates

Organism (number tested)	Amoxicillin	Amoxi-clav (uncomplicated UTI)	Amoxi-clav (other)	Cephalexin (uncomplicated UTI)	Cefuroxime	Ceftriaxone	Ceftazidime	Piperacillin-tazobactam	Meropenem	Gentamicin	Tobramycin	Trimethoprim (uncomplicated UTI)	Cotrimoxazole	Ciprofloxacin	Nitrofurantoin (uncomplicated UTI)
<i>Escherichia coli</i> – urinary isolates (2255)	-	91% <sup>a</sup>	53%	95% <sup>a</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75% <sup>a</sup>	-	91%	98% <sup>a</sup>
<i>Escherichia coli</i> – blood culture isolates (56)	-	-	64%	-	89%	93%	-	93%	100%	100%	100%	-	73%	89%	-
ESBL <i>Escherichia coli</i> (83) <sup>d</sup>	R	-	-	R	R	R	R	-	100%	81%	81%	25% <sup>a</sup>	23%	20%	99% <sup>a</sup>
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> – urinary isolates (143)	R	94% <sup>a</sup>	77%	94% <sup>a</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80% <sup>a</sup>	-	90%	-
<i>Proteus mirabilis</i> – Urinary isolates (107)	-	98% <sup>a</sup>	94%	99% <sup>a</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	81% <sup>a</sup>	-	100%	R
<i>E. cloacae, K. aerogenes, C. freundii, S. marcescens &amp; M. morganii</i> (166)	R	R	R	R	R	83% <sup>b</sup>	82% <sup>b</sup>	84%	100%	99%	96%	91% <sup>a</sup>	96%	96%	- <sup>e</sup>
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> (281)	R	R	R	R	R	R	91%	94%	97%	-	98%	R	R	89%	R
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> (73) <sup>c</sup>	60%	-	67%	-	-	97%	-	-	-	-	-	-	81%	-	-

<sup>a</sup> Susceptibility results apply to uncomplicated lower urinary tract infection only; <sup>b</sup>*E. cloacae, K. aerogenes, S. marcescens, M. morganii*, and *C. freundii* may develop resistance during prolonged treatment with third generation cephalosporins. <sup>c</sup> 96% *Haemophilus influenzae* were susceptible to tetracycline/doxycycline; <sup>d</sup> 90% and 93% of isolates susceptible (uncomplicated UTI) to Fosfomycin and Mecillinam respectively; <sup>e</sup> *Serratia* and *Morganella* species intrinsically resistant to nitrofurantoin.

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## Gram positive isolates

Organism (number tested)	Penicillin	Amoxicillin	Flucloxacillin <sup>a</sup>	Ceftriaxone	Erythromycin	Clindamycin	Cotrimoxazole	Doxycycline	Fusidic acid	Vancomycin	Nitrofurantoin (uncomplicated UTI)	Ciprofloxacin (uncomplicated UTI)
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> – all (1961)	-	-	91% <sup>a</sup>	-	91%	93%	98%	96%	89%	100%	-	-
Methicillin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (170)	R	R	R <sup>a</sup>	R	74%	78%	100%	81%	67%	100%	-	-
<i>Staphylococcus lugdunensis</i> (49)	-	-	76% <sup>a</sup>	-	98%	98%	100%	100%	-	100%	-	-
<i>Staphylococcus saprophyticus</i> (65)	-	-	97% <sup>a</sup>	-	-	-	95%	-	-	100%	100% <sup>c</sup>	100% <sup>c</sup>
Other Coagulase Negative Staphylococci (189)	-	-	56% <sup>a</sup>	-	56%	86%	76%	89%	-	100%	-	-
<i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i> & other β-haem Strep	100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100%	-	-
<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> (27)	-	100%	-	100%	92%	-	56%	85%	-	100%	-	-
<i>Enterococcus</i> species (205) <sup>b</sup>	-	88% <sup>b</sup>	R	R	R	R	R	R	-	100%	97% <sup>c</sup>	80% <sup>c</sup>

<sup>a</sup> *Staphylococcus* flucloxacillin result predicts susceptibility to amoxicillin-clavulanate, cephalexin, cephalozin, and ceftriaxone; <sup>b</sup> Expect majority *E. faecalis* to be amoxicillin susceptible and majority *E. faecium* to be amoxicillin resistant; <sup>c</sup> Susceptibility results apply to uncomplicated lower urinary tract infection only.